

## **MENTORSHIP PROGRAM – TEST (M2)**

- 1) Many people in the west thought that with the collapse of communism in Eastern Europe, the world's problems would miraculously disappear. But nothing could have been further from the truth and a range of new problems surfaced. Elaborate. **(150 words) 10 marks**
- 2) Every major revolution in history has contributed something to Indian constitution. Discuss. **(150 words) 10 marks**
- 3) French revolution is essentially a search for rationality and Humanism. It has redefined how the nation states has to organize themselves – comment **(150 words) 10 marks**
- 4) In a country such as India, problem solving is a continuous process. The solution to official language crisis shows the capacity of the political system to deal with a contentious problem on a democratic basis and a manner that promotes national consolidation. It is an example of accommodative politics, mutual respect that exists in Indian society. Trace the genesis of the problem and the solution the nation arrived at? **(150 words) 10 marks**
- 5) The 1965 war was essentially a litmus test for India's diplomatic and war capabilities. Discuss. **(150 words) 10 marks**
- 6) The 1977 elections and Janata government years in India – water divide in Indian politics – It had everything – a manifest of regional divide, divide by caste, appeal for democracy and religious affiliation. **(150 words) 10 marks**
- 7) Freedom of press, independence of judiciary, rights of the citizens were all put to a test during emergency – discuss and comment on the outcome. **(150 words) 10marks**
- 8) The Rajiv Gandhi era was a period of reconciliation and secessionist movements in many states got a solution through dialogue. But, it has its own fall outs. The era on the front of secularism had some dangerous turns. Elaborate. **(150 words) 10 marks**

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- 9) The PV Narasimha Rao's era in Indian politics is an introspection and is a reinvention of India from its past. It extends in to every sphere – economics, politics, administration, society, foreign relations – Discuss.  
**(150 words) 10 marks**
- 10) The 1962 war and 1971 war fought by India were remarkably different. Analyze the factors that led to India's loss and victory in these wars.  
**(150 words) 10 marks**
- 11) Comment on the following. **(150 words) 10 marks**
- a) Telangana peasant struggle
  - b) Naxalbari, west Bengal
  - c) New farmer's movements
- 12) In relation to Foreign policy of Nehru era, analyse the basic parameters. Discuss India's stand on. **(150 words) 10 marks**
- a) Korean war
  - b) Indo china
  - c) Suez canal
  - d) Hungarian crisis
  - e) Congo
- 13) The Second World War is essentially a continuation of first world war and the cold war in essence, is a continuation of second world war – Discuss  
**(150 words) 10 marks**