

MENTORSHIP PROGRAM TEST – M6

1) PESA act, 1996 was aimed to create a self governance structures in Tribal areas in India. In spite of a decadal implementation, it is still not close to its goal. Discuss the challenges in the implementation of the act and suggest necessary recommendations.

(150 words) 12 marks

2nd ARC local governance –191-197

2) Decentralisation is a potent tool to counter the phenomenal asymmetry in the locus of power and Imbalance in exercise of power. Analyse the above statement in the light of 73 and 74 amendment acts. **(150 words) 12 marks**

Democratic decentralisation - page no 15 – local governance

3) Elections have multiple functions in a democracy. They are essential in calling politicians in to account. But, failure of the citizens to exercise their franchise making them a weak process. In your opinion, should voting be made compulsory?

(150 words) 12 marks

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4) Is the Indian Prime minister is president in all but name – comment.

(150 words) 12 marks

5) Political parties are critical to functioning of a democracy. Decentralization, Transparency in their functioning is very essential. In India, political parties do not essentially fit in to this. Discuss with examples. **(150 words) 12 marks**

6) Coordination between Centre and states is essential for a cooperative federalism. There are many coordination mechanisms are in built in the constitution in the matter of exercise of executive powers. Discuss the related provisions. **(150 words) 12 marks**

7) Allegations of political considerations influencing quantum of financial transfers have vitiated centre state relations. Rule based framework and transparency in fiscal transfers is indeed a great priority. Discuss in the light of the 14th finance commissions recent recommendations. **(150 words) 12 marks**

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8) Coalition governments in India to a large extent redefined the centre – state relations and cabinet form of government. Analyse **(150 words) 12 marks**

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9) Democracy is the best form of government to fight poverty, Hunger and to deal with conflicts. But, it may not be valid for economic and developmental outcomes. Comment.

(150 words) 12 marks

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10) What are the main differences in the functioning of local governments and village society before and after 73rd amendment act? **(150 words) 12 marks**

11) Judiciary, Parliament, executive had many conflicts and is a recurrent theme in Indian politics. Discuss the above in the light of recent developments in India. **(160 words)**

15 marks

12) How is judicial activism related to the protection of fundamental rights. Has it helped in expanding the scope of fundamental rights? **(160 words) 15 marks**